Simulation, Verification, & Automated Composition of Web Services

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Web Services

Web-accessible programs and devices



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Knowledge Rep'n for "Semantic Web Services"



DAML-S: Semantic Markup for Web Services

DAML-S: A <u>D</u>ARPA <u>Agent Markup Language for Services</u>

- DAML+OIL ontology for Web services:
 - well-defined semantics
 - ontologies support reuse, mapping, succinct markup, ...
- Developed by a coalition of researchers from Stanford, SRI, CMU, BBN, and Nokia, Yale, under the auspices of DARPA.
- DAML-S version 0.6 posted October,2001
 <u>http://www.daml.org/services/daml-s</u>

[DAML-S Coalition, 2001, 2002] [McIlraith, Son & Zeng, 2001]





Semantics of DAML-S Process Models

Problem: DAML+OIL has a well-defined semantics, but it is *not* sufficiently expressive to characterize all and only the intended interpretations of DAML-S.

Solution:

- Model-theoretic semantics defined by a translation to (mostly) first-order logic.
- Distributed operational semantics defined in terms of Petri Nets.

This Talk

- ✓ DAML-S
 - (conditional) side effects of services are critical for WS composition
 - Description logic not expressive enough for process modeling
- ➔ Model-Theoretic Semantics for DAML-S
- Distributed Operational Semantics of DAML-S
- Decision Procedures for Web Service Automation
- Implementation of DAML-S Decision Procedures
- Summary & Future Work

Task: Capture the intended interpretation of DAML-S by translating to a more expressive logic.

Approach: Translate DAML-S to Situation Calculus (SC), a first-order logical language for reasoning about action and change.

Key Idea: Preconditions = SC Preconditions Effects = SC Effects Inputs = SC Knowledge Preconditions Outputs = SC Knowledge Effects

<Details of the logical translation are in the paper>

This Talk

- ✓ DAML-S
- ✓ Model-Theoretic Semantics for DAML-S
 - Intended semantics of DAML-S process model via translation to FOL action theory.
- Distributed Operational Semantics of DAML-S
- Decision Procedures for Web Service Automation
- Implementation of DAML-S Decision Procedures
- Summary & Future Work

Distributed OPErational (DOPE) Semantics

Task: Map Situation Calculus Axiomatization to Petri Net based Formalism [Narayanan 99]

Features of High Level Stochastic Petri Nets

- Natural representation of change and concurrency
- Execution semantics
- Can deal with quantitative information & resources
- Variety of well established analysis and simulation techniques including mappings to other logics of change.

Model Review

Basic Mechanism



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Model Review

Firing Semantics



Model Review

Result of Firing



DAML-S Atomic Processes as Petri Nets

SC Knowledge Preconditions



DAML-S Atomic Processes as Petri Nets

...and SC World Preconditions



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Modeling Composite Process Constructs



DAML-S Sequence: P1;P2



DAML-S Sequence: P1;P2



DAML-S Fork: P1|| P2



DAML-S Concurrent-Sync



This Talk

✓ DAML-S

✓ Model-Theoretic Semantics for DAML-S

Distributed Operational Semantics of DAML-S

- Situation Calculus translated to Petri Nets
- Petri Net composition of atomic services
- ➔ Decision Procedures for Web Service Automation
- Implementation of DAML-S Decision Procedures
- Summary & Future Work

Web Service Automation Tasks

- **Simulation**: simulate the evolution of a Web service under different conditions.
- Verification: automatically establish that the Web service upholds specified properties (e.g., that it maintains certain properties, that it ensures safety, etc.)
- Composition: automatically generate a composition of Web services that achieves a specified goal.
- **Performance Analysis**: evaluate the ability of a service to meet requirements with respect to throughput times, service levels, and resource utilization.

- **Reachability:** A marking M is *reachable* if it is the marking reached by some *occurrence sequence* (Definition 4, paper). Given a marking M of N, the set of reachable markings of the net (P; T; F; M) (i.e., the net obtained by replacing the initial marking M₀ by M) is denoted by [M >.
 - Safety = not (reachable (unsafe state))
 - Composition = reachable (goal state)

Deadlock: A marking of a net is a *deadlock* if it enables no transitions. The deadlock problem for a net is the problem of deciding if any of its reachable markings is a deadlock.

Our Web Service Automation Task (Simulation, Verification, Automated Composition) can all be characterized in terms of Reachability and Deadlock

Complexity of DAML-S Decision Procedures

Key Idea: Leverage expressiveness to gain tractability

DAML-S Subset	Reachability	Deadlock
DAML-S 0.5	P-Space hard	P-Space hard
DAML-S \ Iterate	NP-Complete	Polynomial
DAML-S \ Iterate & Cond	NP-Complete	Linear
DAML-S \ Iterate & Choice	Polynomial	Polynomial
+ Resources	Exp-Space-Time hard	Exp-Space-Time hard

This Talk

✓ DAML-S

✓ Model-Theoretic Semantics for DAML-S

Distributed Operational Semantics of DAML-S

Decision Procedures for Web Service Automation

- reachability & deadlock are key for simulation, verification and automated composition of Web Services.
- tradeoff DAML-S expressiveness for tractability of decision procs.

→ Implementation of DAML-S Decision Procedures

• Summary & Future Work

Implementation

DAML-S translation to the modeling environment KarmaSIM [Narayanan, 97] (http://www.icsi.berkeley.edu/~snarayan)

Basic Program:

- Input: DAML-S description of Web Service
- Output: Network Description of Web Service in KarmaSIM
- Procedure:
 - Recursively construct a sub-network for each control construct. Bottom out at atomic process.
 - Construct a net for each atomic process
 - Return network

Example

Congo.daml: A ficticious book selling service.

Developed by the DAML-S coalition, publically available at http://www.daml.org/services/daml-s/2001/05/Congo.daml













Implemented Features of Tool

- Interactive Simulation
- Variety of qualitative analysis techniques
 - Reachability
 - Deadlock
 - S and T invariants
- Variety of Quantitative analysis techniques
 - Throughput
 - MAP estimation including Vitterbi paths

This Talk

✓ DAML-S

✓ Model-Theoretic Semantics for DAML-S

Distributed Operational Semantics of DAML-S

✓ Decision Procedures for Web Service Automation

Implementation of DAML-S Decision Procedures

- DAML-S to automated WS tasks

→ Summary & Future Work

Summary

Claim

- Automation of Web Service Tasks is a key benefit of the Semantic Web.
- Precise description of Web Services is a prerequisite to Web Service automation.

Our Contributions

- Semantics (model-theoretic & distributed operational)
- Decision procedures & expressiveness-tractability tradeoff
- Implementation (from DAML-S to an executing model)

Broader Impact

 results applicable to *any* WS process model formalism (e.g., XLANG, WSFL, etc.)

Current Status/Work

- Release tool for DAML-S interpretation
 - Awaiting DAML-S stability
- Extend the Model to handle
 - Execution Monitoring
 - Resource Ontologies
- Link to Web Service Entry Tool (KSL)
- Link to general inference tool (SRI)